

Downloading And Running ECCO Version 4 Release 2

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Abstract

ECCO v4 r2 (Estimating the Circulation and Climate of the Ocean, version 4, release 2) is a state estimate covering the period from 1992 to 2011 (Forget et al., 2016). This minor update of the original ECCO v4 solution (Forget et al., 2015) benefits from a few additional corrections (listed in Forget et al., 2016), is provided with additional model-data misfit and model budget output, and is easier to re-run. Section 1 provides an installation guide and links to analysis tools¹. Section 2 provides simple instructions that allow users to re-run ECCO v4 r2 in order to generate additional model output or to setup their own model experiments.

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¹Throughout this document links are indicated by blue colored font.

1 Downloading ECCO Version 4

2 This section provides directions to download the ECCO v4 r2 output (sec. 1.1), the underlying
3 model setup (sec. 1.2) that can be used to re-run ECCO v4 r2 (sec. 2.1), Matlab tools to analyze
4 ECCO v4 r2 and other model output (sec. 1.3), and a list of additional resources (sec. 1.4).

5 1.1 The Release 2 Solution

6 The ECCO v4 r2 state estimate output is permanently archived within the [Harvard Dataverse](#)
7 that provides citable identifiers for the various datasets as reported in this [README.pdf](#). For
8 download purposes, the ECCO v4 r2 output is also made available via this [ftp server](#) by the
9 [ECCO Consortium](#). The various directory contents are summarized in this [README](#) and spe-
10 cific details are provided in each subdirectory’s README. Under Linux or macOS for instance,
11 a simple download method consists in using ‘wget’ at the command line by typing

```
12 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/nctiles_grid  
13 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/nctiles_climatology  
14 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/nctiles_monthly
```

15 and similarly for the other directories. The ‘nctiles_’ directory prefix indicates that contents
16 are provided on the native LLC90 grid in the nctiles format (Forget et al., 2015) which can be
17 read in Matlab using the gcmfaces toolbox (see section 1.3). Alternatively users can download
18 interpolated fields, on a $1/2 \times 1/2^\circ$ grid in the netcdf format, from the ‘interp_’ directories. The
19 ‘input_’ directories contain binary and netcdf input files that can be read by MITgcm (sections
20 1.2 and 2.1). The [profiles directory](#) contains the MITprof collections of collocated in situ and
21 state estimate profiles in ‘netcdf’ format (Forget et al., 2015).

22 1.2 The Release 2 Setup

23 First, install the MITgcm either by downloading a copy from [this webpage](#) (MITgcm_c66b.tar.gz
24 is the latest release at this time) or by using the [MITgcm cvs server](#) as explained in [that webpage](#).
25 Second, create a subdirectory called ‘MITgcm/mysetups/’ and install the ECCO v4 r2 model
26 setup in this directory either from [this github repository](#) by typing:

```
27 mkdir MITgcm/mysetups  
28 cd MITgcm/mysetups  
29 git clone https://github.com/gaelforget/ECCO_v4_r2  
30 mkdir ECCO_v4_r2/run  
31 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_init/  
32 mv mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_init ECCO_v4_r2/input_fields
```

33 or from the [MITgcm cvs server](#) by typing:

```
34 mkdir MITgcm/mysetups  
35 cd MITgcm/mysetups  
36 cvs co -P -d ECCO_v4_r2 MITgcm_contrib/gael/verification/ECCO_v4_r2  
37 cd ECCO_v4_r2/input_fields/  
38 ./gunzip_files
```

39 or by downloading a copy via [this webpage](#) (c66b-eccov4r2.tar at this time). Third, down-
40 load the three-hourly forcing fields (96G; to re-run ECCO v4 r2 in section 2.1) and observa-
41 tional data (25G; to verify ECCO v4 r2 re-runs in section 2.1) model inputs either from the
42 [Harvard Dataverse](#) permanent archive or from the [ECCO ftp server](#) as follows:

```
43 cd MITgcm/mysetups/ECCO_v4_r2
44 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_forcing/
45 wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_ecco/
46 mv mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_forcing forcing_baseline2
47 mv mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release2/input_ecco inputs_baseline2
```

48 Fig. 1 provides a graphical depiction of the downloaded directories organized as is expected
49 in section 2.1. Experienced users should feel free to re-organize directories assuming that they
50 are comfortable with modifying the section 2.1 and Fig. 2 instructions accordingly.

51 1.3 Matlab Analysis Tools

52 Matlab tools are provided to analyze model output from section 1.1 or section 2.1 include:

- 53 • The gcmfaces Matlab toolbox (Forget et al., 2015) gets installed as explained in the
54 [gcmfaces.pdf](#) documentation. It can be used, for example, to re-generate the ‘standard
55 analysis’ for ECCO v4 r2 (i.e., the plots included in Forget et al. (2016)) from the released
56 model output (sec. 1.1) or from the plain, binary, model output (sec. 2.1).
- 57 • The stand-alone [eccov4_lonlat.m](#) Matlab script can be used to extract the lat-lon sector
58 (i.e., array) of the gridded output that spans the 69°S to 56°N latitude range.

59 1.4 Other Resources

- 60 • Any netcdf enabled software (e.g., [Panoply](#) in MS-Windows, Linux, or macOS) should be
61 able to read the interpolated output for [the monthly climatology](#) or [the monthly time series](#).
- 62 • The ECCO v4 r2 state estimate can also be downloaded and analyzed via the NASA
63 Sea Level Change Portal tools (<https://sealevel.nasa.gov>; interpolated fields only) and the
64 Harvard Dataverse APIs (<https://dataverse.harvard.edu>; all inputs and outputs).
- 65 • xmitgcm provides a python alternative (<https://github.com/xgcm/xmitgcm>) to using Mat-
66 lab and gcmfaces (<https://github.com/gaelforget/gcmfaces>)
- 67 • The [MITgcm/utils/](#) directory which can be downloaded via the MITgcm [cvs server](#) and
68 provides basic Matlab and python functionalities.
- 69 • A series of three presentations offered in May 2016 during the ECCO meeting at MIT pro-
70 vide an overview of the ECCO v4 r2 data sets and applications are available via research-
71 gate.net (doi.org/10.13140/RG.2.2.33361.12647; doi.org/10.13140/RG.2.2.26650.24001;
72 doi.org/10.13140/RG.2.2.36716.56967).

73 2 Running ECCO Version 4

74 This section explains how the ECCO version 4 setup is used to re-run the release 2 state estimate
75 over 1992–2011 (section 2.1), other solutions (section 2.2), short regression tests (section 2.3),
76 or an optimization test (section 2.4). As a pre-requisite, users must have downloaded MITgcm
77 as explained in section 1.2. Running MITgcm requires the following software: gcc, gfortran
78 (or alternatives), mpi (for parallel computation) and netcdf (for ‘pkg/profiles’). Additional
79 information can be found in the [MITgcm howto](#) and in the [MITgcm manual](#).

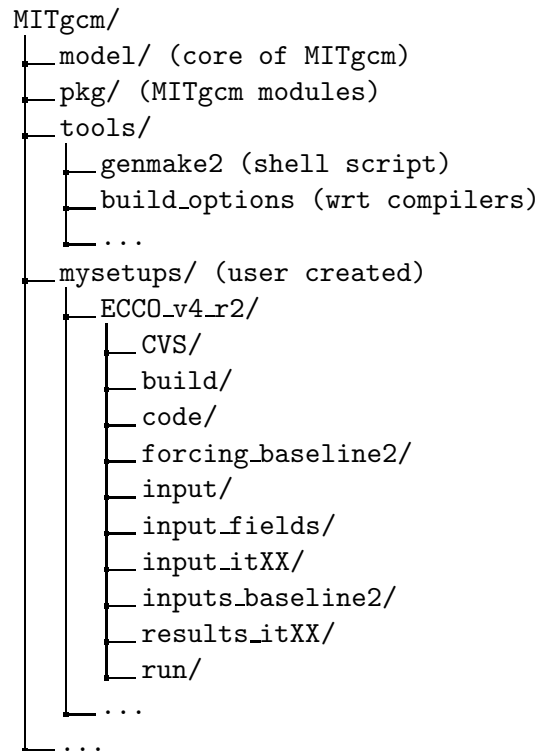


Figure 1: Directory structure that includes the MITgcm as well as the ECCO v4 model setup and inputs, once they have been downloaded in ‘MITgcm/mysetups’ according to the section 1.2 directions, so that they can be used according to the section 2.1 and Fig. 2 directions.

80 2.1 The Release 2 Solution

81 It is here assumed that MITgcm and ECCO v4 directories have been downloaded and organized
82 as shown in Fig. 1. Users can then re-run the ECCO version 4 release 2 solution by following the
83 directions in Fig. 2. Afterwards they are strongly encouraged to verify their results by using the
84 included testreport_ecco.m Matlab script as depicted in Fig. 3. The expected level of accuracy for
85 20-year re-runs, based upon an up-to-date MITgcm code and a standard computing environment,
86 is reached when the displayed values are all ≤ -3 . Interpretation of the testreport_ecco.m output
87 is explained in detail in Forget et al. (2015).

88 The 20-year model run typically takes between 6 to 12 hours of wall-clock time on 96 cores

89 using a modern computing environment. The number of cores is 96 by default as reflected
90 by Fig. 2 but can be reduced to 24 simply by copying ‘ECCO_v4_r2/code/SIZE.h_24cores’ over
91 ‘ECCO_v4_r2/code/SIZE.h’ before compiling the model and then running it with ‘-np 24’ rather
92 than ‘-np 96’ in Fig. 2. However, it should be noted that reducing the number of cores increases
93 wall-clock time and memory requirements.

```
#1) compile model
cd MITgcm/mysetups/ECCO_v4_r2/build
../../../../tools/genmake2 -mods=../code -optfile \
    ../../../../tools/build_options/linux_amd64_gfortran -mpi
make depend
make -j 4

#2) link files into run directory
cd ../run
ln -s ../build/mitgcmuv .
ln -s ../input/* .
ln -s ../input_fields/* .
ln -s ../inputs_baseline2/input*/* .
ln -s ../forcing_baseline2 .

#3) run model
mpiexec -np 96 ./mitgcmuv
```

Figure 2: Procedure to compile MITgcm and re-run the ECCO v4 r2 solution (Forget et al., 2016). Prerequisites: (1) gcc, gfortran (or alternatives), mpi (for parallel computation) and netcdf (for pkg/profiles); (2) MITgcm and ECCO v4 setup (see section 1.2); (3) input directories organized as shown in Fig. 1 (see section 1.2). Other compiler options, besides linux_amd64_gfortran, are provided by the MITgcm development team in ‘MITgcm/tools/build_options/’ for cases when gfortran is not available. The contents of ‘input/’ (text files) and ‘input_fields/’ (binary files) should match those found in this [cvs directory](#). Note: the ‘input_fields/’ contents must be de-compressed once. The contents of ‘forcing_baseline2/’ directory should match this [ftp server](#). The contents of ‘inputs_baseline2/’ should match this [ftp server](#). These directories can readily be downloaded as explained in section 1.2.

Figure 3: Top: instructions to gauge the accuracy of a re-run of ECCO v4 r2 (Forget et al., 2016) using the `testreport_ecco.m` Matlab script (Forget et al., 2015). Bottom: sample output of `testreport_ecco.m` where the re-run agrees up to 6 digits with the reference result. Additional tests of meridional transports can be activated by users who have installed the `gcmfaces` toolbox (Forget et al., 2015) as explained in section 1.3. To this end, users would uncomment the `'addpath ~/Documents/MATLAB/gcmfaces;'` and `'gcmfaces_global;'` commands below and, if needed, replace `'~/Documents/MATLAB/gcmfaces'` with the location where `gcmfaces` has been installed.

```
cd MITgcm/mysetups/ECCO_v4_r2
matlab -nodesktop -nodisplay

%addpath ~/Documents/MATLAB/gcmfaces;
%gcmfaces_global;

addpath results_itXX;%add necessary .m and .mat files to path
mytest=testreport_ecco('run/');%compute tests and display results
```

```
-----
      & jT & jS &      ... & (reference is)
run/  & (-6) & (-6) &      ... & baseline2
-----
```

2.2 Other 20-Year Solutions

It is here assumed that MITgcm and ECCO v4 directories have been downloaded and organized as shown in Fig. 1. Users can then re-run the ‘baseline 1’ solution that more closely matches the original, release 1, solution of Forget et al. (2015). However, to re-run baseline 1 instead of release 2, a few modifications to the setup are needed:

(a) download the corresponding forcing fields as follows:

```
wget --recursive ftp://mit.ecco-group.org/ecco_for_las/version_4/release1/forcing_baseline1/
```

(b) before compiling the model: define ‘ALLOW_KAPGM_CONTROL_OLD’ and ‘ALLOW_KAPREDI_CONTROL_OLD’ in ‘ECCO_v4_r2/code/GMREDI_OPTIONS.h’; define ‘ALLOW_AUTODIFF_INIT_OLD’ in ‘ECCO_v4_r2/code/AUTODIFF_OPTIONS.h’;

(c) before running the model: copy ‘ECCO_v4_r2/input_itXX/data’ and ‘data.exf’ over ‘ECCO_v4_r2/input.ecco_v4/data’ and ‘data.exf’.

Users who may want to reproduce ‘release1’ even more precisely than ‘baseline1’ does should contact ecco-support@mit.edu to obtain additional model inputs. Users holding a TAF license can also: (a) compile the adjoint by replacing ‘make -j 4’ with ‘make adall -j 4’ in Fig. 2; (b) activate the adjoint by setting ‘useAUTODIFF=.TRUE.’ in data.pkg; (c) run the adjoint by replacing ‘mitgcmuv’ with ‘mitgcmuv_ad’ in Fig. 2.

2.3 Short Forward Tests

To ensure continued compatibility with the up to date MITgcm, the ECCO v4 model setup is also tested on a daily basis using the MITgcm’s testreport command line utility (indicated in Fig.1) that compares re-runs with reference results over a few time steps (see below for guidance and the MITgcm howto for additional details). These tests use dedicated versions of the ECCO v4 model setup which are located within MITgcm_contrib/verification_other/.

global_oce_llc90/ (595M) uses the same LLC90 grid as the production ECCO v4 setup does (section 2.1). Users are advised against running forward tests using fewer than 12 cores (96 for adjoint tests) to avoid potential memory overloads. global_oce_cs32/ (614M) uses the much coarser resolution CS32 grid and can thus be used on any modern laptop. Instructions for their installation are provided in this README and that README, respectively. Once installed, the smaller setup for instance can be executed on one core by typing:

```
cd MITgcm/verification/  
./testreport -t global_oce_cs32
```

If everything proceeds as expected then the results are reported to screen as shown in Fig. 4. The daily results of the regression tests (ran on the ‘glacier’ cluster) are reported on this site. On other machines the degree of agreement (16 digits in Fig. 4) may vary and testreport may indicate ‘FAIL’. Note: despite the seemingly dramatic character of this message, users may still be able to reproduce 20-year solutions with acceptable accuracy (section 2.1). To test global_oce_llc90/ using 24 processors and gfortran the corresponding command typically is:

```
cd MITgcm/verification/
```

```

134 ./testreport -of ../tools/build_options/linux_amd64_gfortran \
135 -j 4 -MPI 24 -command 'mpiexec -np TR_NPROC ./mitgcmuv' \
136 -t global_oce_llc90

```

```

default 10 ----T----- ----S-----
G D M   c           m s           m s
e p a R g m m e . m m e .
n n k u 2 i a a d i a a d
2 d e n d n x n . n x n .

Y Y Y Y>14<16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 pass global_oce_cs32

```

Figure 4: Abbreviated example of testreport output to screen.

137 2.4 Other Short Tests

138 Running the adjoint tests associated with section 2.3 requires: (1) a [TAF](#) license; (2) to soft
139 link ‘code’ as ‘code_ad’ in [global_oce_cs32/](#) and [global_oce_llc90/](#). Users that hold a TAF license
140 can then further proceed with the iterative optimization test case in [global_oce_cs32/input_OI/](#).
141 Here the ocean model is replaced with a simple diffusion equation.

142 The pre-requisites are:

- 143 1. run the adjoint benchmark in [global_oce_cs32/](#) via testreport (see section 2.3).
- 144 2. Go to MITgcm/lsopt/ and compile (see section 3.18 of [manual](#)).
- 145 3. Go to MITgcm/optim/, replace ‘natl_box_adjoint’ with ‘global_oce_cs32’ in [this Makefile](#),
146 and compile as explained in section 3.18 of [manual](#). An executable named ‘optim.x’ should
147 get created in MITgcm/optim. If otherwise, please contact mitgcm-support@mit.edu
- 148 4. go to MITgcm/verification/global_oce_cs32/input_OI/ and type ‘source ./prepare_run’

149 To match the reference results reported in [this file](#), users should proceed as follows

- 150 1. ./mitgcmuv_ad > output.txt
- 151 2. ./optim.x > op.txt
- 152 3. increment optimcycle by 1 in data.optim
- 153 4. go back to step #1 to run the next iteration
- 154 5. type ‘grep fc costfunction000*’ to display results

155 **References**

- 156 Forget, G., J.-M. Campin, P. Heimbach, C. N. Hill, R. M. Ponte, and C. Wunsch, 2015: ECCO
157 version 4: an integrated framework for non-linear inverse modeling and global ocean state esti-
158 mation. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **8 (10)**, 3071–3104, doi:10.5194/gmd-8-3071-2015,
159 URL <http://www.geosci-model-dev.net/8/3071/2015/>.
- 160 Forget, G., J.-M. Campin, P. Heimbach, C. N. Hill, R. M. Ponte, and C. Wunsch, 2016: ECCO
161 version 4: Second release. URL <http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/102062>.